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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/641,208	08/18/2000	Loc X. Phan	AT00085	. 7275	
20350	7590 01/21/2003				
TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP			EXAMINER		
EIGHTH FLC	RCADERO CENTER OOR SISCO, CA 94111-3834		LUCCHESI, N	LUCCHESI, NICHOLAS D	
SAN FRANC			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3764		
			DATE MAILED: 01/21/2003	3	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/641,208 Applicant(s)

Examiner

Art Unit

Phan

		Nick Lucchesi	3732	
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet with the corres	pondence addres	:s
	for Reply ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET		I(S) FROM	
- Extens mailing - If the p - If NO p - Failure - Any re	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. ions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In plate of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause to ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailir the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S	e considered timely. Ig date of this commun. I.C. § 133).	
Status				
1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on Sep 9, 20	002		•
2a) 🗌	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This ac	tion is non-final.		
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition for allowance closed in accordance with the practice under Ex pa	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		merits is
Disposi	tion of Claims			
4) 💢	Claim(s) <u>19-38</u>	is/are	pending in the	application.
4	a) Of the above, claim(s)	is/ar	e withdrawn fro	m consideration.
5) 🗆	Claim(s)		is/are allowed.	
6) 💢	Claim(s) <u>19-38</u>		is/are rejected.	
7) 🗆	Claim(s)		is/are objected	to.
8) 🗆	Claims	are subject to restric	tion and/or elec	tion requirement.
Applica	tion Papers			
9) 🗌	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.			
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	e a) \square accepted or b) \square objecte	ed to by the Exa	miner.
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)□ approved	b)☐ disapprove	ed by the Examiner
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply	to this Office action.		
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exam	niner.		
	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
_	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign p	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (t).	
		on hann word and		
	1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents ha		lo.	
	 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority of 			·
	application from the International Bure ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	this National S	.age
14)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	e).	
a) [$oxed{eta}$ The translation of the foreign language provision	al application has been received.		
15)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120	O and/or 121.	
Attachm	• •			
_	ntice of References Cited (PTO-892) Stice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper Notice of Informal Patent Application		
_	ormation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	6) Other:	(F1U-132)	
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DETAILED ACTION

Withdrawl Of Indication Of Allowability

1. The previous indication of allowability of claims 19-38 has been withdrawn, in view of further consideration of the art of record. A new rejection follows.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 19-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chishti et al in view of Morrow et al.

Chishti et al disclose first, intermediate and final tooth positioning appliances 100 similar to that as claimed by applicant in these claims, as well as a method of repositioning teeth from an initial arrangement, to a final arrangement. Note that the appliances are polymeric shells, essentially the same as that claimed by applicant. Note also that Chishti et al disclose forming the appliances via the same method as that claimed by applicant, namely, providing a digital data set representing a modified tooth arrangement, controlling a fabrication machine based on the digital data set to produce a positive model of the modified tooth arrangement, and producing the dental appliance as a negative of the positive model. See col. 6 and col. 7.

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Chishti et al do not disclose coating the appliances with a lubricious composition.

Morrow et al disclose coating a polymeric mouthpiece with a lubricious composition, to increase the comfort to the wearer.

It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to coat the appliances of Chishti et al with a lubricious composition, as taught by Morrow et al, in view of the Morrow et al teaching that such a composition applied to a mouthpiece allows for greater comfort to the wearer.

With regard to claims 25-30, note that Morrow et al discloses substances which are considered to be functional equivalents of the coatings recited in these claims, and thus their use thereof with the Morrow appliance is considered to be an obvious matter of choice to one skilled in the art.

With regard to claims 32-37, note that Morrow et al contemplate spraying, dipping and pouring. The use of other methods such as electro-static discharge, baking and precoating, are considered to be obvious choices to one skilled in the art, desiring a particular characteristic of the appliance.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed 9/16/2002 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant bases arguements upon the assertion that it would not have been obvious to coat the mouthpieces of Chishti et al with a lubricious composition, because the mouthpieces of Chishti et al are used for moving teeth and thus would not work effectively.

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It is the examiner's position that the teaching of Morrow et al is to increase the comfort of the wearer of such a mouthpiece, by applying such a lubricious composition. Thus, one skilled in the art would recognize that such a composition could be applied to the exterior or the interior of the Chishti et al mouthpieces, if one wished to increase comfort while wearing them. The mouthpieces of Chishti et al would still be capable of moving teeth, as they fit rather snugly.

Applicant further argues that the proposed combination of Morrow et al and Chishti et al would not be obvious because Chishti et al requires the appliances to apply forces to the teeth, and thus the application of a lubricious composition would hinder these forces.

However, it is the examiner's opinion that the application of such a lubricious composition would be obvious because such application would overcome the problems described by Morrow et al, such as "dry mouth", which occurs from wearing the appliance over time, or from activity performed while wearing the appliance. It is the examiner's opinion that such a lubricant as disclosed by Morrow et al would do nothing to prevent the appliance from remaining on the teeth, but would rather serve to increase comfort within the oral cavity in general. Such a composition would prevent the appliance from sticking to the oral tissues, a problem solved by Morrow et al.

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5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nick Lucchesi whose telephone number is (703) 308-2698.

Nick Lucchesi

January 15, 2003

NICHOLAS D. LUCCHESI SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700